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BANSAL & CO LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

S. No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Operation not started	The Company has not yet started its commercial operations. The Company is not claiming any expenses incurred since inception aggregating to Rs. 21,631.42 hundreds upto March 31, 2026. The Company intends to claim these expenses as revenue or pre-operative expenses post commencement of commercial operations. In absence of reasonable certainty, management of the Company believes, it is prudent not to recognize any deferred tax assets on such expenses.

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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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BANSAL & CO LLP
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate

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Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with and the management has represented that the audit trail feature cannot be disabled. Company has preserved the Audit Trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221
UDI No.: 26502221WBMWZJ6179

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 11, 2026

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Annexure A referred to in paragraph 1(f) of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To the Members of Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected

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depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221
UDI No.: 26502221WBMWZJ6179

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 11, 2026

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Annexure B referred to in paragraph 1 of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date

Re: Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

i. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not hold any property, plant and equipment during the year ended March 31, 2026. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(i) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

iii. (a) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) During the year the Company has not made investments, provided guarantees, provided security and granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(c) The Company has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) The Company has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(e) There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iv. There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2026 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

vii. (a) The Company is regularly depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including income-tax, goods and services tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income-tax, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and services tax, cess and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix. (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.

(d) The Company did not raise any funds during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x. (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

(c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. The Company is a private company and is thus not required to establish an Audit Committee as prescribed under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, as explained to us, the Company satisfies the conditions for exemption from the provisions of section 188 prescribed in notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and therefore, the provisions of section 188 do not apply to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xiv. (a) The Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system under the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report under clause 3(xiv)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

xvii. Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year. In the immediately preceding financial year, the Company incurred cash loss amounting to Rs. 888.59 hundred.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, the

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Company has not yet started its commercial operations. The management of the Company basis forecasted business plans along with commitment from the holding company, is certain to recover losses and continue as a going concern. Accordingly, no event exists, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. The Company doesn't fall under the ambit of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration Number: 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221
UDI No. : 26502221WBMWZJ6179

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 11, 2026

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	2	100.00	100.00
Total non-current assets		**100.00**	**100.00**
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	97,842.81	40,274.65
Bank balance other than above	4	7,52,466.26	9,05,191.93
Other financial assets	2	1,20,891.29	-
Other Current assets	5	52.78	-
Total current assets		**9,71,253.14**	**9,45,466.58**
Total assets		**9,71,353.14**	**9,45,566.58**
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	6	9,51,000.00	9,51,000.00
Other equity			
Reserves and surplus	7	(346.36)	(34,580.03)
Total equity		**9,50,653.64**	**9,16,419.97**
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade payables	8		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		16,777.21	28,972.54
Other current liabilities	9	1,364.86	-
Current tax liabilities	10	2,557.43	174.07
Total current liabilities		**20,699.50**	**29,146.61**
Total liabilities		**20,699.50**	**29,146.61**
Total equity and liabilities		**9,71,353.14**	**9,45,566.58**

Material accounting policies 1

The accompanying notes are integral part of financial statements
As per our report of even date

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221

Place : New Delhi
Date : May 11, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Neera Malhotra
Director
DIN : 00118387

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Aroon Purie
Director
DIN: 00002794

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Incomes			
Other income	11	65,388.61	932.99
Total Income		**65,388.61**	**932.99**
Expenses			
Other expenses	12	14,162.23	1,579.00
Total expenses		**14,162.23**	**1,579.00**
Profit/(Loss) before tax		**51,226.38**	**(646.01)**
Income tax expenses			
- Current tax	13	17,001.04	242.58
- Tax for earlier year		(8.33)	-
Total tax expense		**16,992.71**	**242.58**
Profit/(Loss) for the year		**34,233.67**	**(888.59)**
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss			
Income tax relating to these items		-	-
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year		**34,233.67**	**(888.59)**
Earning per equity share			
Basic and diluted earning per share	21	**0.36**	**(0.44)**

Material accounting policies 1

The accompanying notes are integral part of financial statements
As per our report of even date

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221

Place : New Delhi
Date : May 11, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Neera Malhotra
Director
DIN : 00118387

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Aroon Purie
Director
DIN: 00002794

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Cash Flow Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) before income tax	51,226.38	(646.01)
Adjustments for:		
Interest income classified as investing cash flows	(65,388.61)	(932.99)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) in other financial assets	(1,20,891.29)	(100.00)
Increase in other current liabilities	1,364.86	-
(Increase) in other current assets	(52.78)	-
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	(12,195.33)	28,254.79
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	**(1,45,936.77)**	**26,575.79**
Income taxes paid	(14,609.35)	(89.23)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	**(1,60,546.12)**	**26,486.56**
Cash flow from/(used in) investing activities		
Proceeds from maturity / (investment) in fixed deposits	1,52,499.98	(9,03,500.00)
Interest received	65,614.30	296.33
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	**2,18,114.28**	**(9,03,203.67)**
Cash flow from financing activities		
Share capital received	-	9,45,000.00
Share issue expenses	-	(28,141.00)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	**-**	**9,16,859.00**
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	**57,568.16**	**40,141.89**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	40,274.65	132.76
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	**97,842.81**	**40,274.65**
Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise (refer note 3(a)):		
	For the year ended March 31, 2026	**For the year ended March 31, 2025**
Cash and cash equivalents	97,842.81	40,274.65
Total	**97,842.81**	**40,274.65**

Material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are integral part of financial statements
As per our report of even date

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP New Delhi Chartered Accountants

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Aroon Purie
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DIN: 00002794

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Cash Flow Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

A Equity share capital

	Notes	Amount
As at April 01, 2024	6	6,000.00
Share issued as at July 02, 2024		5,000.00
Share issued as at March 28, 2025		9,40,000.00
As at March 31, 2025	6	**9,51,000.00**

As at April 01, 2025	6	**9,51,000.00**
Changes in equity share capital		-
As at March 31, 2026		**9,51,000.00**

B Other equity

	Notes	Reserve and surplus	Total
		Retained earnings	
As at April 01, 2024	7	**(5,550.44)**	**(5,550.44)**
(Loss) for the year		(888.59)	(888.59)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (expense) for the year		**(888.59)**	**(888.59)**
Share issue expenses		(28,141.00)	(28,141.00)
As at March 31, 2025	7	**(34,580.03)**	**(34,580.03)**

As at April 01, 2025	7	**(34,580.03)**	**(34,580.03)**
(Loss) for the year		34,233.67	34,233.67
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (expense) for the year		**34,233.67**	**34,233.67**
Share issue expenses		-	-
As at March 31, 2026	7	**(346.36)**	**(346.36)**

Material accounting policies 1

The accompanying notes are integral part of financial statements
As per our report of even date

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221

Place : New Delhi
Date : May 11, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Neera Malhotra
Director
DIN : 00118387

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Aroon Purie
Director
DIN: 00002794

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Background
Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company) is a Company incorporated and domiciled in India as a private company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company was incorporated on March 12, 2015 for providing services related to radio broadcasting. Its registered office is at F-26 Connaught Place, New Delhi -110001, India. The Company is yet to commence its business operations.

Note 1: Material accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS
The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention
The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

(b) Segment Reporting
The Company is yet to commence its business operations, hence the current activities of the Company has been considered as representing a single segment. The said treatment is in accordance with the guiding principles enunciated in the Ind AS 108 Operating segments.

(c) Functional and presentation currency
Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (Rs), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(d) Income Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.
The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period in India where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents
For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

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(f) Investment and other financial assets

(i) *Classification*

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:
-those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
-those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investment in debt instrument, this will depend on the business model in the investment is held.

(ii) *Measurement*
At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in statement of profit and loss.

Debt instruments
Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company classifies its debt instrument at amortised cost.

Under amortised cost, assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) *Impairment of financial assets*
The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

(iv) *Derecognition of financial assets*
A financial asset is derecognised only when:
- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

(g) Offsetting financial instruments
Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

(h) Trade and other payables
These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 90 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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(i) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(j) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

(a) the profit attributable to owners of the Company.

(b) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

(a) the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

(b) the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Note 2: Critical estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that may have financial impact on the company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical estimates and judgements involves a higher degree of judgement or complexity, which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different that those originally assessed. There are no such items used in preparation of these financial statements.

Recent accounting pronouncements

"Ministry of Corporate Affairs (""MCA"") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

In May 2025, MCA notified amendments to Ind AS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

In August 2025, MCA notified the following amendments to:

1. Ind AS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment relates to classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants. In the context of classifying a liability as current, it removes the requirement of existence of a right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date and instead requires that the said right should exist on the reporting date and have substance. The amendment also introduces guidance on classification of liabilities with covenants. The Company has no impact of these amendments in its classification criteria of current and non-current liabilities.

2. Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, applicable w.e.f. April 1, 2025 – The amendment in Ind AS 7 requires to inform users of financial statements of the existence of supplier finance arrangements and explain the nature of the arrangements, the carrying amount of liabilities and the range of payment due dates. Ind AS 107 has been amended to add supplier finance arrangements as a factor that may cause concentration of liquidity risk. The Company has reviewed the amendment and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.

3. Ind AS 12, International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules applicable immediately - The amendments provide a temporary mandatory relief from deferred tax accounting for top-up tax and disclose that they have applied the relief.

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(i) Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(ii) Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. The amendments had no impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

(iii) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 2 Other financial assets

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Security deposit	100.00	100.00
Other receivables*	1,20,891.29	-
Total	**1,20,991.29**	**100.00**
Current	**1,20,891.29**	-
Non-current	**100.00**	**100.00**

*Includes receivables from related party Rs.1,16,355.09 (31 March 2025: Rs. Nil). Refer note 20.

Note 3 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	97,842.81	40,274.65
Total	**97,842.81**	**40,274.65**

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior periods.

Note 4 Bank balance other than above

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Other bank balances		
-Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	7,52,466.26	9,05,191.93
Total	**7,52,466.26**	**9,05,191.93**

Note 5 Other current asset

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Balance with Government Authorities	52.78	-
Total	**52.78**	-

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Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 6: Share capital and other equity

6(a) Share capital

Authorised equity share capital

	Number of shares	Amount
As at April 01, 2024	60,000	6,000.00
Increase during the year	2,99,40,000	29,94,000.00
As at March 31, 2025	**3,00,00,000**	**30,00,000.00**
Increase during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	**3,00,00,000**	**30,00,000.00**

(i) Movements in equity share capital

	Number of shares	Equity share capital (par value)
As at April 01, 2024	60,000	6,000.00
Issue of shares	94,50,000	9,45,000.00
As at March 31, 2025	**95,10,000**	**9,51,000.00**
Issue of shares	-	-
As at March 31, 2026	**95,10,000**	**9,51,000.00**

(ii) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding. However, no such preferential amounts exist currently.

(iii) Equity shares of the Company held by holding company

	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
T.V. Today Network Limited (holding company) (including nominee share)	95,10,000	95,10,000

(iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Equity shares:				
T.V. Today Network Limited, the holding company (including nominee shares)	95,10,000	100.00%	95,10,000	100.00%

(v) Details of equity shares held by promoters

As at March 31, 2026

Promotors Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the period	No. of shares at the end of the period	% of Total Shares	% change during the period
T.V. Today Network Limited	95,10,000	-	95,10,000	100%	-
Total	**95,10,000**	**-**	**95,10,000**	**100%**	**-**

As at March 31, 2025

Promotors Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
T.V. Today Network Limited	60,000	94,50,000	95,10,000	100%	-
Total	**60,000**	**94,50,000**	**95,10,000**	**100%**	**-**

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BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 7 Reserves and surplus

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Retained earnings	(346.36)	(34,580.03)
Total reserves and surplus	**(346.36)**	**(34,580.03)**

(i) Retained earnings

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	(34,580.03)	(5,550.44)
Net (loss) for the year	34,233.67	(888.59)
Share issue expenses*	-	(28,141.00)
Closing balance	**(346.36)**	**(34,580.03)**

*Share issue expenses pertaining to the issuance of equity share capital have been separately recorded under other equity.

Note 8: Financial liabilities - Trade payables

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Current		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (MESE) and	-	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	16,777.21	1,069.04
Trade payables to related parties (note 20)	-	27,903.50
Total trade payables	**16,777.21**	**28,972.54**

Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Unbilled/ Not due	Outstanding as at March 31, 2026 from due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MESE	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	16,777.21	-		-	-	16,777.21
Related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-
	16,777.21	-	-	-	-	**16,777.21**

Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Unbilled/ Not due	Outstanding as at 31 March 2025 from due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MESE	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	956.50	112.54	-	-	-	1,069.04
Related parties	-	27,903.50	-	-	-	27,903.50
	956.50	**28,016.04**	-	-	-	**28,972.54**

Note 9: Other current liabilities

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Statutory dues payable	1,364.86	-
	1,364.86	-

Note 10: Current tax (asset)/ liabilities

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
Opening balance	174.07	20.72
Add: Current tax and interest on tax payable for the year (if any)	16,992.71	250.95
Less: Taxes paid	(14,609.35)	(97.60)
	2,557.43	**174.07**

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Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 11: Other income

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost	65,388.61	932.99
Total other income	**65,388.61**	**932.99**

Note 12: Other expenses

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Rent	276.12	276.12
Rate and taxes	207.33	228.91
Payment to auditors (refer note 12(a) below)	1,293.87	590.00
Legal and professional fees	12,322.55	473.80
Interest on statutory dues	45.18	8.37
Bank charges	17.18	1.80
Total other expenses	**14,162.23**	**1,579.00**

Note 12(a): Details of payments to auditors

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Payment to auditors (including goods and service tax)		
As auditor:		
Statutory audit	590.00	590.00
Limited Review	472.00	-
Certification	206.50	-
Out of pocket expense	25.37	-
Total payments to auditors	**1,293.87**	**590.00**

Note 13: Income tax expense

This note provides an analysis of the Company's income tax expense and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates made in relation to the Company's tax position.

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Income tax expense		
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	17,001.04	242.58
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(8.33)	-
Income tax expense	**16,992.71**	**242.58**

(b) Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rates:

	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	51,226.38	(646.01)
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 26% (For F.Y. 2025-26 : 26%)	**13,318.86**	**(167.96)**
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
- Disallowed expenses being inadmissible for computation of tax	3,682.18	410.54
-Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(8.33)	-
Income tax expense	**16,992.71**	**242.58**

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New Delhi
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Note 14: Fair value measurements

Financial instruments by category

	As at 31 March 2026	As at 31 March 2025
	Amortisation Cost	Amortisation Cost
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	97,842.81	40,274.65
Bank balance other than above	7,52,466.26	9,05,191.93
Other financial assets	1,20,991.29	100.00
Total financial assets	**9,71,300.36**	**9,45,566.58**
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	16,777.21	28,972.54
Total financial liabilities	**16,777.21**	**28,972.54**

The carrying amounts of trade payables and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature. Hence, other disclosure applicable as per Ind AS 113 are not applicable to the Company.

Note 15: Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks i.e. Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk. The Company does not have a formal risk management policy programme, risks are monitored as part of its daily management of the business.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Currently, credit risks to the Company arises only from bank deposit and cash and cash equivalents. As a policy, the Company accepts only highly rated banks for transactions.

(B) Liquidity risk

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturing groups based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balance due with in 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Period/Year	0-3 Months
Trade payables	**As at 31 March 2026**	**16,777.21**
Trade payables	As at 31 March 2025	28,972.54

Management does not have a formal policy for managing the liquidity risk. However, the Company ensures that there are adequate funds to meet all obligations in a timely and cost effective manner.

(C) Market risk

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates determined from time to time.

(ii) Price risk

Equity price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices.

The Company does not hold any quoted or marketable financial instruments, hence, is not exposed to any movement in market prices.

Note 16: Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

As on now, the capital of the Company consists of only equity share capital issued to holding company T.V. Today Network Limited as reflected in the note 4(a) to the financial statements.

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BANSAL & CO. LLP
New Delhi
Chartered Accountants

Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited
CIN: U74140DL2015PTC277828
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 17: Ratios as per Schedule III requirements

S.No	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	For the year ended March 31, 2026	For the year ended March 31, 2025	% Variance	Reason for variance
(a)	Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	46.92	32.44	**44.65%**	Change is due to issuance of share capital in previous year
(b)	Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Total Equity	Not Applicable			
(c)	Debt service coverage ratio	Earning for Debt Service	Debt service	Not Applicable			
(d)	Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	3.67%	-0.19%	**-2003.35%**	Change is due to increase in interest income
(e)	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold OR sales	Average Inventory	Not Applicable			
(f)	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Avg. Accounts Receivable	Not Applicable			
(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Trade Payables	Not Applicable			
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital	Not Applicable			
(i)	Net profit ratio	Net profit	Net Sales	Not Applicable			
(j)	Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	0.05	(0.00)	**-7744.11%**	Change is due to increase in interest income
(k)	Return on Investment	{MV(T1) – MV(T0) – Sum [C(t)]}	{MV(T0) + Sum [W(t) * C(t)]}	Not Applicable			

Note 18: The Company has not yet started its commercial operations. The Company is not claiming any expenses incurred since inception aggregating to Rs. 21,631.42 hundreds upto March 31, 2026. The Company intends to claim these expenses as revenue or pre-operative expenses post commencement of commercial operations. In absence of reasonable certainty, management of the Company believes, it is prudent not to recognise any deferred tax assets on such expenses.

Note 19: The Board of Directors of the Company had approved in board meeting held on March 05, 2025 to acquire the FM Radio Broadcasting Operations (comprising of three FM radio stations in Mumbai, Delhi and Kolkata under the frequency 104.8 FM) along with all associated assets and liabilities (excluding the net working capital) on a going concern basis ("Radio Business"), from T.V. Today Network Limited, the Holding company. The proposed acquisition was subject to approval from Ministry of Information Broadcasting, Government of India ("MIB") and the shareholders of the Company.

On August 20, 2025 MIB granted its approval for transfer of Radio Business of T.V. Today Network Limited to the Company with submission of some documents and execution of fresh Performance Bank Guarantee and a fresh Migration Grant of permission Agreement from the Company. On January 7, 2026, the Grant of Permission Agreement ("GOPA") was novated in favour of the Company by MIB. Further, the Wireless Planning and Coordination ("WPC") Wing under the Ministry of Communications approved the migration of the Wireless Operating Licence from T.V. Today Network Limited to the Company, subsequent to year-end on April 2, 2026.

Pending the actual transfer of business from T.V. Today Network Limited as on March 31, 2026, there is no adjustment required to be made in the financial statements, in this regard.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
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Note 20: Related party transactions

(a) Parent entities

The Company is controlled by the following entity:

Name	Type	Place of incorporation	Ownership interest	
			March 31, 2026	March 31,2025
T.V. Today Network Limited	Parent company	India	100.00%	100.00%

(b) Other related parties

Type	Name
Entities over which Key Management Personnel exercise significant influence	M/s World Media Private Limited
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Aroon Purie (Additional Director) w.e.f. March 28, 2025
	Ms. Kalli Purie Bhandal (Additional Director) w.e.f. March 28, 2025
	Mrs. Neera Malhotra (Independent Director) w.e.f. March 28, 2025
	Mr. Vinay Kumar Singh (Director) upto March 29, 2025
	Mr. Parmod Kumar Gupta (Director) upto March 31, 2025
	Mr. Deepak Talwar (Director) upto March 29, 2025

(c) Transactions with related parties

The following transaction incurred with related parties

	March 31, 2026	March 31,2025
Rent paid		
- World Media Private Limited	276.12	276.12
Reimbursement of share issue expenses		
- T.V. Today Network Limited	-	27,903.50
Payment on behalf of		
- T.V. Today Network Limited	1,16,355.09	-

(d) Outstanding balances arising from transactions:

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the year in relation to transactions with related parties:

	March 31, 2026	March 31,2025
Trade payable		
- T.V. Today Network Limited	-	27,903.50
Other financial assets		
- T.V. Today Network Limited	1,16,355.09	-

(e) Terms and conditions

The related party transactions from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

Note 21: Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31,2025
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company	**0.36**	**(0.44)**
Profit/(Loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic earnings per share.	34,233.67	(888.59)
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share (No. of shares)	95,10,000	2,00,411

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
(All amounts are Indian rupees in hundreds, unless otherwise stated)

Note 22:Other Statutory Information

i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceedings has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
ii) The Company does not have any transactions with struck-off companies under section 248 of The Companies Act, 2013.
iii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
iv) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency
v) The Company has not advanced any loan or invested fund in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
   a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on of the behalf of the Company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
   b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (funding party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
   a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on of the behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries) or
   b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
vii) The Company does not have any such transactions which is not recorded in books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
viii) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

For Bansal & CO LLP
Firm Registration No. 001113N/N500079
Chartered Accountants

BANSAL & CO. LLP ★ New Delhi ★ Chartered Accountants

Kapil Mittal
Partner
Membership No. 502221

Place : New Delhi
Date : May 11, 2026

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Vibgyor Broadcasting Private Limited

Neera Malhotra
Director
DIN : 00118387

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026

Aroon Purie
Director
DIN: 00002794

Place : Noida
Date : May 11, 2026